

# TRIUNE GOD

## Summary Review

To this point in our study, we have considered the following:

1. God is three Persons who form one Being in love (e.g., fidget spinner).
2. Within God's Self, the Father eternally generates the Son.
3. The Spirit proceeds from the Father and Son, searching and revealing.

## A Forecast of the Rest of the Study

In the rest of the year, we will consider the following:

1. The Names of God in the New Testament
  - a. To this point, we have concluded that within the epistles, the Father is referred to as God while the Son is referred to as Lord, both echoing the Shema.
  - b. This is working toward the following:
    - i. At what point did Jesus become Lord: before the incarnation, during the incarnation, or after His exaltation?
    - ii. Does the cross reveal or hide God?
2. The Triune God in the Old Testament
  - a. After having considered how the NT authors read the OT, we will reconsider OT passages about the one yet three God.
  - b. We will concentrate first on passages that tell of conversations within God's Self.
  - c. We will consider the following:
    - i. What are the clearest Triune passages in the OT?
    - ii. Who made humanity?
    - iii. What do we make of other gods in the OT?

## The LORD Our God

The Shema in the New Testament: "...yet for us there is one God, the Father, from whom are all things and for whom we exist, & one Lord, Jesus Christ, through whom are all things and through whom we exist" (1 Cor. 8:6).

- Lord = Jesus Christ (Greek term *kurios*, equivalent to Hebrew Yahweh)
- God = The Father (Greek term *theos*, equivalent to Hebrew term Elohim)

## Mike Bird's Article

Please read the article linked [HERE](#). Consider the following as/after you read:

1. What are the two converging meanings of Lord in the NT?
2. Which OT passages were important in calling Jesus Lord?
3. When we call on the "name of the Lord," what name are we appealing to?
4. How did the confession of Jesus as Lord confront Roman rule?
5. Why do we Americans have difficulty understanding lordship?
6. In summary, what does it mean that Jesus is Lord?