Surpassing the "Righteousness" of the Pharisees, Matt.5:20

1Cor.10:6,11 emphasize that events of ancient history are preserved in the biblical record "as examples for us" and are "written for our instruction" to prevent our falling into the same pitfalls of disobedience and sin.

Last week I mentioned, somewhat in passing, two Jewish sects that were prevalent during and immediately following Jesus' time upon the earth. They were: **Sadducees**, who did not believe in *angels*, *spirits*, or *resurrection*, <u>Acts 23:8. 4:1-2</u>; and, **Pharisees**, who acknowledged all three. To these two we could also add the **Essenes**, who believed a form of *dualism* in which unrighteous souls are punished, while righteous ones pass into other bodies- perhaps at a general resurrection (*Wars of the Jews*, 2.163; <u>Josephus</u>). What's the point? *Now* as *then*, men divided themselves into socio/economic/religious groups, each believing themselves *right* and all others *wrong*.

So today, we have:

- Those who believe, like the **Sadducees**, that there is no afterlife; that the *corporal* form of man is all there is, <u>1Cor.15:12</u>; <u>Acts 17:32</u>; and therefore, that whatever *rewards* or *punishments* we experience are all composed and completed in the *here* and *now*.
- Those who believe, like the **Pharisees**, that they have all the right answers to all the right questions in religion, Mark 7:1-5; view others with contempt, Luke 18:9; and see themselves as seated in the chair of Christ (rather than Moses as previously, cf. Matt.23:2) as Law-giver, John 12:48.
- Those who believe, like the *Essenes*, that although the *spirit* of the good and
 righteous lives on after death, it does so by being *reincarnated* into another form
 (some think another *person*, and others imagine inhabiting an *animal*, *plant*, or
 some other *material* thing)... and/or every other idea imaginable.
- We could also outline the basic beliefs of the *Epicureans, Stoics, Zealots, Herodians, etc.* but surely the point is made: History repeats itself... even in the ways, means, and motives that we devise to divide ourselves.

But if I were to ask (and I have done so many times before), "Which of these sects do we most resemble?" how would you respond? "The Pharisees" is invariably the response. Why, do you suppose?

Perhaps primarily because although the Pharisees took things much too far, and failed miserably to have good/right attitudes, they were *sticklers for truth-* or at least what they perceived to be "truth," Phil.3:4b-6; Acts 22:3; 26:5.

However, let's also consider more specifically the *charges* proffered against the Pharisees by Jesus in <u>Matt.23</u> (in hopes of avoiding the same condemnations, since we admit we *resemble* them):

- **1.** They say and do not, vv.2-4; we must instead prove ourselves "doers of the word" rather than "merely hearers who delude themselves," Jas.1:22;
- **2.** They do all their deeds to be noticed, vv.5-12; reasons matter- therefore we must not even let our left hand know what our right hand is doing, Matt.6:3-4;

- **3.** They shut off the king of heaven, v.13; there are so many ways we can "turn off" others from Christ/Christianity; what say/don't say; what we do/don't do; our thoughts, emotions, words, and actions (and what we *like, share*, and post on social media) reflect Christ and His way, Matt.5:13-16; Phil.3:14-15; Col.4:5-6;
- **4.** They devour widow's houses, v.14; we must not prey on the weak, and take advantage of the helpless, but instead help, encourage, and be patient, 1Thess.5:14; and strengthen the weak and feeble, Heb.12:12-13;
- **5.** They make proselytes (instead of disciples), v.15; we must endeavor to "make disciples" of Christ with His Word, rather than ourselves and our ideas and ideology, Matt.28:19-20;
- **6.** They practice 'loophole logic/Christianity, vv.16-22; we must be without guile like Nathanael, John 1:47; and not only speak truth always, Matt.5:33-37, but make every effort to practice what we preach, Luke 6:35;
- 7. They neglect the weightier provisions of justice, mercy, and faithfulness, vv.23-24; we must strive to "do all the things which are commanded," Luke 17:10, we will be just "unworthy slaves" who have done only "that which we ought," but we won't have to worry about which are the "big" and "little" commandments (or sins!)... or gnats and camels; however, if it is unjust, unmerciful, and faithless, it is always wrong, and it is never wrong to be just, merciful, and faithful;
- 8. They clean the outside of the cup or tomb/sepulcher (the part others see), vv.25-28; this coincides with vv.5-12 regarding doing to be noticed by others and being overly concerned with how others see/perceive and treat you; it is "image" Christianity rather than obedience from the heart and true commitment to truth, Rom.6:17; we must clean ourselves from the inside to the outside (mind/heart to life) rather than the other way around, Matt.15:18-20; and,
- 9. They think they're better than their forefathers, vv.29-38; we must become better than our forefathers- whether Essene, Sadducee, or Pharisee; but such begins with admitting our faults and failures rather than hiding, excusing, or justifying them as we've seen exemplified here in our text; Rom.3:23 is still true and applies to us also; we must listen to and heed the prophets, wise men, and scribes who bring us God's Word instead of persecuting them, cf.v.34; we must break the pattern of history repeating itself.

Conclusion / Take-Home Points:

- Yes, in general terms, the Sadducees were wrong doctrinally, the Pharisees were wrong morally, and the Essenes were wrong in both ways; but,
- We <u>can</u> learn from their *negative examples* and <u>do better</u>... we can *know* the truth AND practice it both from the heart and for the right reasons!
- > Are you/we willing, v.37?
- ➢ If not, <u>our</u> house will also be *left desolate*, <u>v.38</u>. Let's not only do better, let's be better by thinking, feeling, and doing *right!*